INSTRUCTION BOOK

QUAD MULTIPLEX DECODER





THE ACOUSTICAL

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THE PILOT TONE SYSTEM OF STEREOPHONIC BROADCASTING

The pilot tone (otherwise known as the Zenith - GE) system of stereophonic broadcasting allows any VHF - FM tuner to receive a mono version of the programme which is the addition of the original left and right hand channels.

The stereo information is the difference between the left and right hand channels. This has to be recovered separately from the sum signal and it is transmitted as a signal above the limits of audibility. The listener with a mono receiver is therefore not aware of the stereo information.

The purpose of the multiplex decoder is to translate these inaudible difference signals and to combine them with the sum signal in such a way that the original left and right hand channels re-appear separately.

THE QUAD MULTIPLEX DECODER

The QUAD multiplex decoder is designed specifically for use with the QUAD FM tuner and QUAD 22 control unit.

Its internal mono-stereo electronic switching is operated remotely from the QUAD 22 controls. It may, therefore, be concealed within the equipment cabinet without any need for access after installation.

SPECIFICATION

De-emphasis:

50μS (European standards) 75μS (North American standards)

Output voltage:

100mV (Nominal for 30% modulation) into 100K ohms

Crosstalk:

Better than 30 dB at 1 kc/s

Suppression:

19 kc/s Pilot tone better than 36 dB 38 kc/s Switching tone better than 40 dB

Power requirement:

330V DC, 8mA mono (from Yellow channel HT) plus 9mA stereo (from Blue channel HT)

INSTALLATION

Preparing the FM Tuner

If the Serial No. of the Quad FM tuner is above 19062 a switch is fitted near V6 (see fig 1). When used with the Multiplex Decoder the switch should be moved to the stereo position, marked RED.

If the Serial No. of the Quad FM tuner is less than 19062 the tuner should be modified as follows:—

- (1) Disconnect capacitor C33 (.04μ) from pin 5 of valve V6 (6AL5). If this component is left in position the lead wire should be placed so that accidental contact cannot be made with any other part of the circuit. Replace C32 (47p) by a capacitor of 15p.
- (2) Remove the Brown audio lead from the pillar tag at the junction of resistors R20 (220K), R21 (100K) and capacitor C34 (1000p).
- (3) Connect the Brown audio lead via a 2.2K resistor (Dubilier BTT or equivalent) to pin 5 of valve V6 (6AL5). Keep the resistor close to pin 5 (see fig 2).

Connections between units

The FM tuner — Multiplex Decoder — Quad 22 control unit connections are shown in fig 3.

The Multiplex Decoder may be fitted on the rear of the Quad FM tuner cover by removing the tuner cover fixing screws and replacing them through the holes in the sliding bracket under the decoder cover (see fig. 4).

The optimum performance for the decoder will be obtained in moderate temperature. If the cabinet ventilation is such that the air in the FM tuner compartment exceeds 40°C (104°F) the decoder should be moved from the tuner cover and placed in a cooler part of the cabinet, e.g. near an air intake on the cabinet floor.

Aerial

Because stereo reproduction results in a less favourable signal to noise ratio, a better aerial may be needed to obtain the same suppression of background noise or interference, especially in fringe areas.

OPERATION

Mono

Press RADIO and MON or 2-MON push-buttons. All transmissions will be heard from the tuner in the normal way. Stereo broadcasts will be heard in their mono form, i.e. left and right-hand channels added together.

Stereo

Press RADIO and STEREO push-buttons. After the Blue channel power amplifier has warmed up mono transmissions and interstation noise will be attenuated. If very weak or no signals at all are heard when tuning through the VHF band when switched to Stereo the most likely reason is that no stereo transmissions are being broadcast within range at the time.

Long Distance Reception (see Aerial above)

Fading and background noise are more apparent when receiving stereo transmissions from distant stations. The stereo information is degraded more than the mono channel so that fading and background noise, if obtrusive, may be reduced by reverting to Mono reception.

QUAD F.M. TUNER ABOVE SER. No. 19062.

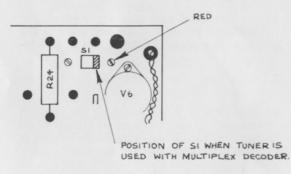


FIG 1.

QUAD F.M. TUNER BELOW SER. No. 19062

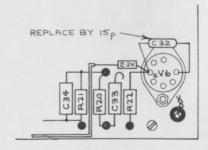
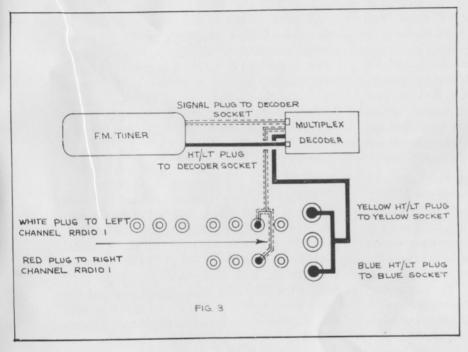
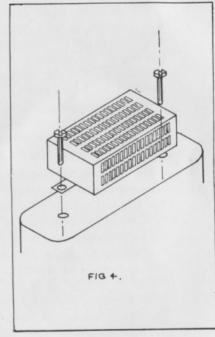


FIG 2.





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CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The detector output of the FM tuner (with the de-emphasis and attenuator circuits removed) is fed to the high impedance input stage (OC44) of the decoder. The low impedance emitter output of this stage drives a diode ring demodulator (4 x 1S44) via a 55Kc/s low-pass filter to remove any 67Kc/s sub-carrier signals present. The values of the low-pass filter are also chosen to effect overall phase compensation of the composite signal.

The diode ring demodulator is switched by the balanced output of a 38Kc/s oscillator (OC81). The left and right hand channels are recovered directly, but as harmonics of the difference signal sub-carrier are removed during transmission the difference signal is reduced to $2/\pi$ times the sum signal. The equality of the sum and difference signals is restored by subtracting $1-2/\pi$ times the sum signal from each channel, the necessary reversed phase signal being taken from the input stage collector circuit.

A tuned circuit in the input stage collector feeds the 19Kc/s pilot tone to the pilot tone amplifier (OC81). The push-pull output of this stage is rectified (2 x 1S920) in order to bias the diode signal switches (4 x 1S44) to the "Stereo On" position. The 38Kc/s rectifier current pulses are used to synchronise the locally generated 38Kc/s switching signal with the pilot tone.

The main supply voltage, stabilised by Zener diodes (2 x 1S2075), is supplied from the control unit when the RADIO button is pressed. This supply also biasses the diode signal switches to MONO. If the STEREO button on the control unit is pressed the "Blue HT" supply switches the mono signal off, and the pilot tone amplifier on. If a pilot tone is present the decoder is thus switched to produce a stereo output.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Notes:

Each unit is fully aligned at the factory before despatch and alignment should not be required on installation. Should subsequent re-alignment become necessary the following procedure should be followed.

The decoder must be aligned with the printed board securely in position inside its cover. Access to the unit is through the cover holes.

The 67 Kc/s adjustment given in paragraph (2) must be correct even if no 67 Kc/s sub-carrier is present in local transmissions. The meter used must respond to 67 Kc/s.

The 19 Kc/s pilot tone must be accurate in frequency (\pm 2 c/s) and modulation level (8-10%) from the signal generator. The modulation level of the left or right tones (400-1000 c/s) should be 20-30%.

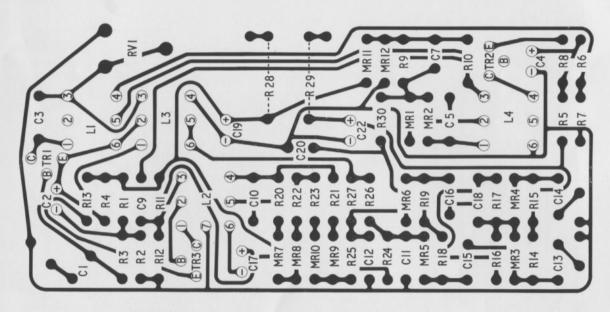
The FM tuner should be exactly in tune during alignment.

- (1) Connect the decoder to a Quad 22 and two power amplifiers in the normal way but leave the FM tuner signal and HT/LT leads disconnected. Switch the Quad 22 to STEREO-RADIO and run for 30 minutes to allow the decoder to reach operating temperature.
- (2) Switch Quad 22 to 2-MON-RADIO. Apply an accurate 67 Kc/s signal of between 1 and 3 volts to the decoder input.

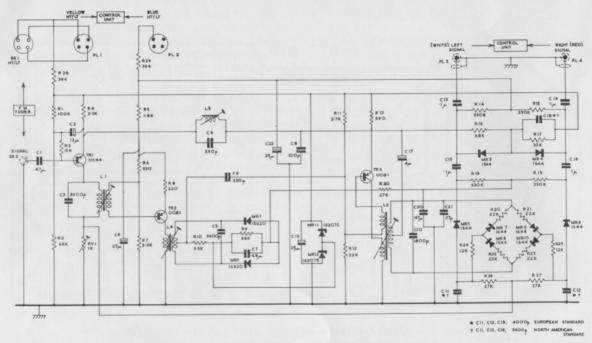
- Short-circuit L2 pin 1 to chassis. Connect AC meter (10mV full-scale) to either decoder output. Adjust L3 for minimum output. Remove L2 short-circuit.
- (3) Switch Quad 22 off. Connect Quad FM tuner to decoder. Switch Quad 22 to STEREO-RADIO. Tune carefully to signal generator modulated by 19 Kc/s pilot. Detune L4, adjust L1 then L4 for maximum DC (10-15V) across R9.

- (4) Short-circuit R10. Modulate signal generator with tone on one channel only Listen to both loudspeakers and adjust L2 until tone swings slowly from one loudspeaker to the other. Remove short-circuit from R10.
- (5) Modulate signal generator with left-hand tone. Switch Quad 22 filter to 25 at 10 Kc/s. Connect AC meter across left-hand power amplifier output, set volume control

- to give 1 to 5 volts output. Adjust L4 slightly for maximum output.
- (6) Transfer meter to right hand amplifier output and adjust RV1 for minimum output (about 35db below left-hand).
- (7) Modulate signal generator with right-hand tone. Check that right-hand output is maximum and left-hand output at minimum.



QUAD MULTIPLEX DECODER - COMPONENT LAYOUT UNDERSIDE



QUAD MULTIPLEX DECODER CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

MULTIPLEX DECODER COMPONENTS LIST

| Component Reference | Value | Tolerance | Maker's Reference | Stock No. |
|------------------------|-------|-----------|-------------------|----------------|
| R1 | 100K | ± 10% | Dubilier BTT | 200/A |
| R2 | 68K | ± 10% | Dubilier BTT | 205/B |
| R3 | 15K | 士 10% | Dubilier BTT | 203/B 224/C |
| R4 | 3.3K | ± 10% | Dubilier BTT | 244/B |
| R5 | 1.8K | ± 10% | Dubilier BTT | |
| R6 | 330 | ± 10% | Dubilier BTT | 253/A |
| R7 | 3.3K | ± 10% | Dubilier BTT | 280/C |
| R8 | 220 | ± 10% | Dubilier BTT | 244/B |
| R9 | 68K | ± 10% | Dubilier BTT | 285/A |
| R10 | 3.3K | ± 10% | Dubilier BTT | 205/B |
| R11 | 2.7K | ± 10% | Dubilier BTT | 244/B |
| R12 | 22K | ± 10% | Dubilier BTT | 248/D |
| R13 | 390 | ± 10% | Dubilier BTT | 217/A |
| R14 | 330K | ± 10% | Dubilier BTT | 275/A |
| R15 | 330K | ± 10% | Dubilier BTT | 179/B |
| R16 | 68K | ± 10% | Dubilier BTT | 179/B |
| R17 | 33K | ± 10% | Dubilier BTT | 205/B |
| R18 | 330K | ± 10% | Dubilier BTT | 209/D |
| R19 | 330K | ± 10% | Dubilier BTT | 179/B |
| R20 | 22K | ± 7% TE | Welwyn F20 | 179/B |
| R21 | 22K | ± 7% TE | Welwyn F20 | 217/D |
| R22 | 22K | ± 7% TE | Welwyn F20 | 217/D 217/D |

| Component Reference | Value | Tolerance | Maker's Reference | Stock No. |
|------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---|-----------|
| 200 | 221/ | ± 7% TE | Welwyn F20 | 217/D |
| R23 | 22K | ± 7% TE | Welwyn F20 | 228/E |
| R24 | 12K 12K | ± 7% TE | Welwyn F20 | 228/E |
| R25 | 27K | ± 7% TE | Welwyn F20 | 210/E |
| R26 | 27K | ± 7% TE | Welwyn F20 | 210/E |
| R27 | 39K | ± 5% | Welwyn F75 | 208/N |
| R28 | 39K | ± 5% | Welwyn F75 | 208/N |
| R29 | 27K | ± 10% | Dubilier BTT | 210/D |
| R30 | 2/1 | - 10/0 | | 370/C |
| RV1 | 1K | ± 20% | Egen 322 | 370/C |
| Kil | | | | 492/A |
| C1 | .47μ | ± 20% | TCC Metamold M.974/9 | 472/B |
| C2. | 12μ | | TCC E.1072/9 | 513/N |
| C3 | 3900p | ± 5% | Salford PF 125V | 465/G |
| C3 C4 C5 | 25μ | | TCC 25V E.1072/7 | 513/N |
| C5 | 3900p | ± 5% | Salford PF 125V Salford PF 125V (Part of L3) | 523/B |
| C6 | 330p | ± 5% | TCC Metamold M.974/12 | 488/A |
| C6 C7 | $.68\mu$ | ± 20% | Salford PF (Part of L3) | 528/A |
| C8 | 100p | ± 5% | Salford PF 125V | 523/B |
| C9 | 330p | ± 10% | Salford PF 125V | 515/H |
| C10 | 1800p | ± 5% | Hunts BD11A | 513/E |
| C11* | 4000p | ± 10% | Hunts BD11A | 513/E |
| C12* | 4000p | ± 10% | Hunts BD72A | 509/B |
| C11† | 5600p | ± 10% | Hunts BD72A | 509/B |
| C12† | 5600p | ± 10% + 20% | TCC PMX 4 | 495/F |
| C13 | .1μ | ± 20% ± 20% | TCC PMX 4 | 495/F |
| C14 C15 | $.1\mu$ $.1\mu$ | ± 20% ± 20% | TCC PMX 4 | 495/F |

^{*} European Standards

[†] North American Standards

| Component Reference | Value | Tolerance | Maker's Reference | Stock No. |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| C16 C17 C18* C18† C19 C20 C21 C22 TR1 TR2 TR3 | $^{11\mu}_{4\mu}$ $^{4000p}_{5600p}$ $^{25\mu}_{47\mu}$ $^{47p}_{25\mu}$ | ± 20% ± 10% ± 10% ± 20% ± 5% | TCC PMX 4 TCC 50V E.1072/8 Hunts BD11A Hunts BD72A TCC 25V E.1072/7 TCC Metamold M.974/9 Salford PF (Part of L2) TCC E1071/6 Mullard OC44 Mullard OC44 Mullard OC44 Mullard OC44 Mullard OC44 Mullard OC44 | 495/F 482/A 513/E 509/B 465/G 492/A 534/A 465/H |
| MR1 MR2 MR3 MR4 MR5 MR6 MR7 MR8 MR9 MR10 MR11 MR11 | | | Texas Instruments 1S920 Texas Instruments 1S920 Texas Instruments 1S44 Texas Instruments 1S2075 Texas Instruments 1S2075 | |
| L1 L2 L3 L4 | | | Acoustical Drg A11697 Issue 4 Acoustical Drg A11698 Issue 5 Acoustical Drg A11699 Issue 3 Acoustical Drg A11700 Issue 4 | 750/A 750/B 750/C 750/D |

^{*} European Standards

[†] North American Standards

Guarantee

This instrument is guaranteed against any defect in material or workmanship for a period of twelve calendar months from the date of purchase.

Within this period we undertake to supply replacements free of charge for any parts excepting valves (which are covered by makers' guarantee of three months) which may prove on examination to be defective provided that such defectiveness is not the result of misuse (including use with unsuitable ancillary equipment), accident or negligence, and further that the instrument was purchased at the proper retail price prevailing in the country of purchase.

Any set requiring service under this guarantee should be taken to the supplier through whom it was purchased, or, in case of difficulty, it should be carefully packed and consigned, carriage paid to the main distributor for the country of purchase quoting the date of purchase. It must not be sent to any other agent or distributor except by special arrangement.

This guarantee is valid only when the enclosed card is properly filled in and returned for registration as directed within ten days of purchase, and does not cover labour or carriage costs involved in any repair under the guarantee.

ACOUSTICAL MFG. CO. LTD., HUNTINGDON, ENGLAND.

